



**DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING  
COLLEGE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY  
COVENANT UNIVERSITY, CANAANLAND, OTA**

**2010-2011 ALPHA SEMESTER EXAMINATION**

**COURSE:** CHEMICAL PROCESS ANALYSIS [CHE 310]

**EXAMINER:** Prof. S.S. Adefila, Adewale A. Adeosun

**INSTRUCTION:** Answer all questions.

**Time:** 2.5 hours

Gas Constant,  $R = 8314 \text{ J/kgmol-K}$ ,  $1 \text{ atm} = 101325 \text{ Pa}$ . Van der Waals parameters, in S.I. units, are:

$$a = \left(\frac{27}{64}\right) \frac{R^2 T_c^2}{P_c} \quad b = \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) \frac{RT_c}{P_c}$$

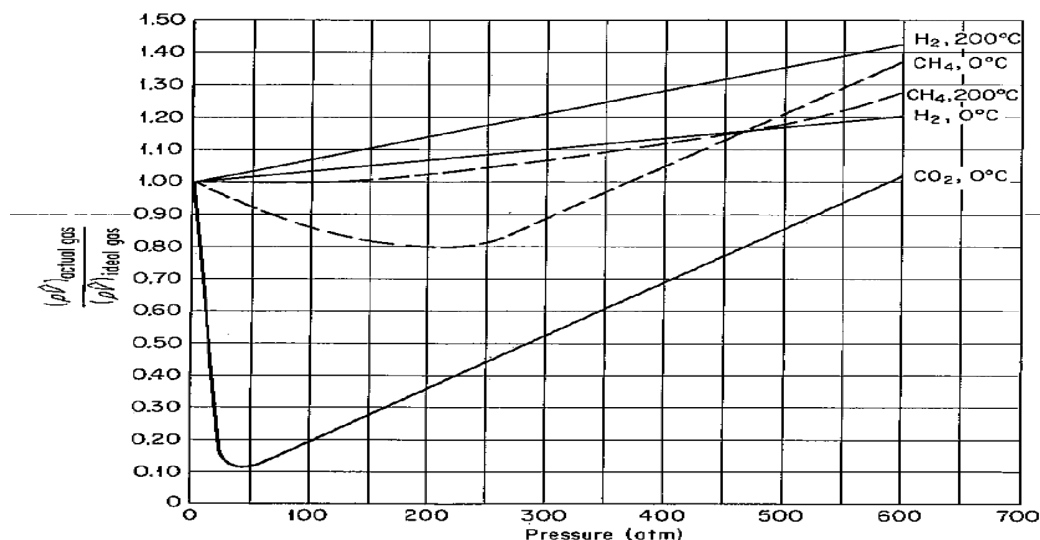
Antoine Equation parameters for pressure in mmHg and temperature in K.

	A	B	C
Ethyl Alcohol	18.5242	3578.91	- 50.50
Water	18.3036	3816.44	- 46.13

1. The density in  $\text{kg/m}^3$  of an ideal gas that has a molecular weight of  $0.123 \text{ kg/kgmol}$  at  $27^\circ\text{C}$  and  $1 \text{ bar}$  is:

A. 0.00202      B. 0.00547      C. 0.00183      D. 0.00493      3 MARKS

**INSTRUCTION:** Use Figure 1. to answer question 2 to 3



**Figure 1. Compressibility Chart**

2. The real volume (in  $\text{m}^3$ ) of  $100 \text{ kg}$  of ideal hydrogen gas at  $200^\circ\text{C}$  under  $150 \text{ atm}$  is:

A. 1.423      B. 0.1423      C. 14.23      D. 0.01423      3 MARKS

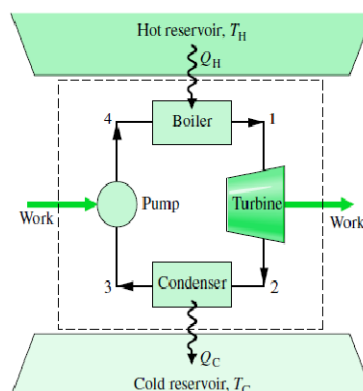
3. Calculate the real volume (in  $\text{m}^3$ ) of  $50 \text{ kgmol}$  of methane at  $273 \text{ K}$  at  $200 \text{ atm}$ :

A. 7.48      B. 5.48      C. 4.48      D. 3.48      3 MARKS

4. Given Van der Waal's Equation as  $(P + \frac{a}{V^2}) \times (V - b) = nRT$ ,  $R = 8.314 \text{ J/mol-K}$ ,  $P_c = 42.5 \text{ bar}$  and  $T_c = 96.6^\circ\text{C}$ , calculate the temperature of 66g of propane in 5 ft<sup>3</sup> cylinder at 0.4 bar.  
 A. 456K                      B. 644K                      C. 922K                      D. 788K                      4 MARKS
  5. Calculate the saturated pressure of ethyl alcohol in (mmHg), using Antoine's equation, at 300K.  
 A. 4.2                      B. 2.4                      C. 66                      D. 11                      3 MARKS
  6. The ethyl alcohol vapour mole percent in a binary mixture with air at 300K temperature and a total pressure of 165mmHg in a 75 mole percent ethyl alcohol liquid feed to a flash distillation still is:  
 A. 15                      B. 30                      C. 45                      D. 45                      3 MARKS

Propylene, an important monomer in packaging industry, has its thermodynamic properties represented in Figure 2. Assuming the gas stream exist under a pressure of 250 psia and specific entropy of 1.42, answer Questions 7 to 11.

  7. The inlet temperature of the gas stream is:  
 A. 120                      B. 140                      C. 160                      D. 180                      2 MARKS
  8. The inlet enthalpy of the gas stream is:  
 A. 515                      B. 615                      C. 715                      D. 415                      2 MARKS
  9. If the inlet stream is expanded at constant enthalpy to a specific volume of 6.0, the specific entropy is:  
 A. 1.44                      B. 1.46                      C. 1.52                      D. 1.60                      3 MARKS
  10. The Degree of Saturation of the inlet stream is:  
 A. 30                      B. 50                      C. 60                      D. 80                      2 MARKS
  11. If the inlet stream undergoes an isobaric change from inlet enthalpy to 420 BTU/Lb, what is the vapour quality of the resulting stream:  
 A. 0.5                      B. 0.6                      C. 0.7                      D. 0.9                      3 MARKS



### Figure 3. A Typical Heat Engine

13. Assuming the work input at the pump is 125 kJ/kg with  $Q_H$  and  $Q_C$  being 450kJ/kg and 150 kJ/kg respectively, the work output in turbine is:

- A. 475                      B. 425                      C. 175                      D. 225                      2 MARKS

14. Assuming no work input to the pump, with  $Q_H$ ,  $T_H$  and  $T_C$  450kJ/kg, 137°C and 37°C respectively, the cold reservoir heat is:

- A. 340                      B. 122                      C. 430                      D. 212                      2 MARKS

Pick True (T) or False (F) for questions 15 to 16

15. At dew point,  $\sum x_i = 0$                       2 MARKS

16. At bubble point,  $\sum x_i = 1$                       2 MARKS

Suppose that a liquid mixture of 4% n-hexane and n-octane is vaporized and using the data given below:

$$\ln(p^*) = A - \frac{B}{C + T}$$

where  $p^*$  is in mm Hg and  $T$  is in K:

	A	B	C
n-hexane ( $C_6$ ):	15.8737	2697.55	-48.784
n-octane ( $C_8$ ):	15.9798	3127.60	-63.633

17. If the total pressure is 760mmHg, calculate the bubble point temperature:

- A. 293                      B. 493                      C. 193                      D. 393                      4 MARKS

18. The saturated vapour pressure of n-octane in mmHg is:

- A. 661                      B. 561                      C. 698                      D. 654                      3 MARKS

19. The n-octane vapour mole fraction is:

- A. 0.536                      B. 0.636                      C. 0.726                      D. 0.826                      3 MARKS

20. Show that the equation below is true for flash vaporization:

$$1 = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{x_{F,i}}{1 - \frac{L}{F} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{K_i} \right)}$$

7 MARKS

21. A heat engine, using water as working fluid, operates between boiler and condenser temperatures of 280°C and 120°C, respectively. The temperature drop is:

- A. 400                      B. 160                      C. 120                      D. 280                      1 MARKS

22. The efficiency of the heat engine is:

- A. 0.71                      B. 1.41                      C. 0.41                      D. 0.29                      3 MARKS

INSTRUCTION: Use Figure 13.11 to answer Questions 23 to 25

23. Write the material balance equation around the absorber                      2 MARKS

24. Write the energy balance equation around the absorber.                      3 MARKS

25. The Generator-Absorber Unit serves the same purpose as a turbine. TRUE or FALSE                      2 MARKS